

LEOPARD CAT (Prionailurus bengalensis)





SNOW LEOPARD (Panthera uncia)

(Martes flavigula)



BENGAL TIGER (Panthera tigris)



YELLOW-THROATED



**ASIAN ELEPHANT** (Elephas maximus)



HIMALAYAN TAHR (Hemitragus jemlahicus)



**ROYLE'S PIKA** (Ochotona roylei)



(Semnopithecus schistaceus)



HIMALAYAN MASKED



GIANT FLYING SOUIRREL (Petaurista petaurista)

HOG DEER

(Hyelaphus porcinus)

SMOOTH-COATED OTTER

**GREAT BARBET** 



ASIAN BARBASTELLE (Barbastella leucomelas)



RHESUS MACAQUE (Macaca mulatta) (Canis aureus)



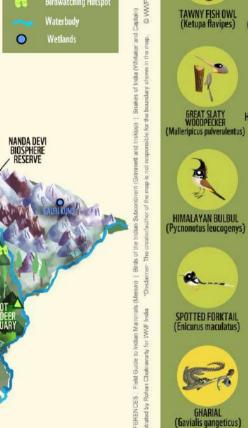
(Pseudois nayaur) (Lophophorus impejanus)

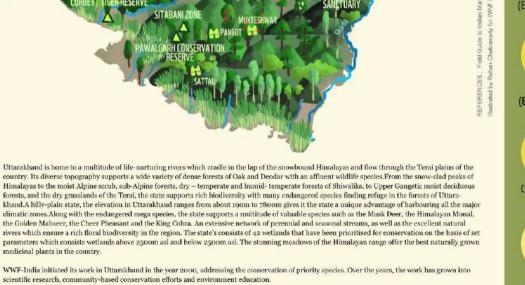


## UTTARAKHAND











(Urocissa erythroryncha) (Myophonus caeruleus) (Streptopelia orientalis)

HIMALAYAN FLAMEBACK

(Nisaetus nipalensis)

CRESTED KINGFISHER

(Megaceryle lugubris

KALIJ PHEASANT PALLAS' FISH EAGLE (Lophura leucomelanos) (Haliaeetus leucoryphus)

TAWNY FISH OWL (Ketupa flavipes)

HIMALAYAN BULBUL



CHEER PHEASANT

(Catreus wallichii)

HIMALAYAN GRIFFON

(Gyps himalayensis)

**GOLDEN MAHSEER** 

parameters which consists wetlands above 2500m asl and below 2500m asl. The stunning meadows of the Himalayan range offer the best naturally grown medicinal plants in the country. scientific research, community-based conservation efforts and environment education.

WWF-India initiated its work in Uttarakhand in the year 2000, addressing the conservation of priority species. Over the years, the work has grown into



(Crocodylus palustris) BUTTERFLY (Papilio bianor)



(Juniperus recurva)